

Material Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: ICR-0010-12 Silicone Remover
Product Use: Solvent-borne coatings, primers
Company: PRO-SPRAY
An Alco Industries Company
600 Nova Drive S.E.
Massillon, Ohio 44646
Phone: 330-830-6000
Fax: 330-830-6005
For Chemical Emergency: CHEMTEC: 1-800-424-9300
CANUTEC: 1-613-996-6666 (For Canada Call Collect)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Regulatory status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Signal Word: DANGER

Form: aerosol

Odour : characteristic

Odour - Control parameters : no data available

Hazard Summary : Flammable Aerosol

Irritant

May cause fire.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122 °F.

Potential Health Effects

Eyes : Causes eye irritation.

Skin : May cause skin irritation.

Inhalation : Causes respiratory tract irritation.

Target Organs: Eyes
Central nervous system
Skin

Carcinogenicity:

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP : No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC : No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA : No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65 : This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive defects.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS-No.	Weight %
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha	64742-48-9	>= 45 - < 50
butane	106-97-8	>= 25 - < 35
propane	74-98-6	>= 20 - < 25
butan-1-ol; n-butanol	71-36-3	>= 2 - < 3

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Ingestion : If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Ingest activated charcoal. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Form :	aerosol
Flash point :	< 0 °C (< 32 °F)
Ignition temperature :	365 °C (689 °F)
Lower explosion limit :	1.4 %(V)
Upper explosion limit :	8.5 %(V)
Suitable extinguishing media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see heading 10). Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Use personal protective equipment. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.
Further information	Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Standard procedure for chemical fires. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions :	Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Environmental precautions:	Should not be released into the environment. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods for cleaning up:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations.
CERCLA Hazardous : substances and corresponding RQs	106-97-8 100 lbs final RQ 74-98-6 100 lbs final RQ 71-36-3 5,000 lbs final RQ

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling :	Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Limit the stocks at work place. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Use only in well-ventilated areas. For personal protection see section 8.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Dust explosion class : not applicable

Storage Requirements for storage areas and containers : BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun exposure and temperatures over 50 °C / 122 °F. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or red-hot objects.

Advice on common storage : Please observe the storage instructions for aerosols. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials.

Storage period : 24 Months

Storage temperature : 5 - 30 °C (41 - 86 °F)

Other data : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Components	CAS-No.	List	Type: Value
butane	106-97-8	NIOSH	REL 800 ppm 1,900 mg/m ³
		OSHA Z1A	TWA 800 ppm 1,900 mg/m ³
		US CA OEL	TWA PEL 800 ppm 1,900 mg/m ³
propane	74-98-6	ACGIH	TWA 1,000 ppm
		NIOSH	REL 1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m ³
		OSHA Z1	PEL 1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m ³
butan-1-ol; n-butanol	71-36-3	OSHA Z1A	TWA 1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m ³
		US CA OEL	TWA PEL 1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m ³
		ACGIH	TWA 20 ppm
		NIOSH	Ceil_Time 50 ppm 150 mg/m ³
		OSHA Z1	PEL 100 ppm 300 mg/m ³
		OSHA Z1A	Ceiling 50 ppm 150 mg/m ³
		US CA OEL	Ceiling 50 ppm 150 mg/m ³

Engineering measures:	Provide adequate ventilation.
Eye protection:	Safety glasses
Hand protection:	Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer.
Skin and body protection:	impervious clothing
Respiratory protection:	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. respirator with ABEK filter
Hygiene measures:	Do not inhale aerosol. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. General industrial hygiene practice.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form	: aerosol	
Odour	: characteristic	
Flash point	: < 0 °C (< 32 °F)	
Ignition temperature	: 365 °C (689 °F)	
Thermal decomposition	: Heating can release hazardous gases, fire	or in
Lower explosion limit	: 1.4 %(V)	
Upper explosion limit	: 8.5 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: 3.6 hPa at 20 °C (68 °F)	

Density :0.85 g/cm³ at ca.20 °C (68 °F)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content :100 %

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid Heat, flame, and sparks.

Materials to avoid Strong acids and strong bases
Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide (CO),
oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), dense black smoke.

Thermal decomposition Heating can release hazardous gases. Fire or
intense heat may cause violent rupture of
packages.

Hazardous reactions Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Note: No decomposition if used as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute inhalation toxicity : Irritating to respiratory system.

Skin irritation : Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation
may cause
removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in
desiccation of
the skin.

Eye irritation : The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and
reversible damage.
Strong lachrymation can make it difficult to escape

Carcinogenicity : No data is available on the product itself.

Toxicity to reproduction : No data is available on the product itself.

Teratogenicity : No data is available on the product itself.

Further information : Symptoms of overexposure may be headache,
dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea,
vomiting and diarrhoea.
Liver and kidney injuries may occur.
Even the smallest quantities that enter into the lung due
to swallowing or subsequent vomiting can lead to a
pulmonary oedema or pneumonia.

<p>Component: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha</p>	<p>64742-48-9</p>	<p>Acute oral toxicity: LD50 rat Dose: > 15,000 mg/kg</p> <p>Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 rabbit Dose: > 3,160 mg/kg</p> <p>Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 rat Dose: > 12 mg/l Exposure time: 6 h</p> <p>Skin irritation: Result: Mild skin irritation</p> <p>Eye irritation: Result: Mild eye irritation</p>
<p>propane</p>	<p>74-98-6</p>	<p>Skin irritation: Classification: Irritating to skin. Result: Skin irritation</p> <p>Eye irritation: Classification: Irritating to eyes. Result: Mild eye irritation</p>
<p>butan-1-ol; n-butanol</p>	<p>71-36-3</p>	<p>Acute oral toxicity: LD50 rat Dose: 790 mg/kg</p> <p>Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 rabbit Dose: 3,400 mg/kg</p> <p>Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 rat Dose: > 18 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h</p> <p>Skin irritation: Classification: Irritating to skin. Result: Skin irritation</p> <p>Eye irritation: Classification: Irritating to eyes. Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.</p>

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Adsorbed organic bound : not included
halogens (AOX)

Volatile organic compounds : 100 %
(VOC) content

Additional ecological: The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water
information courses or the soil

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Adequate disposal :In accordance with local and national regulations.
Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty (including propellant)
Containers that have not been emptied in compliance with regulations are regarded as hazardous waste.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT 49 CFR

Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS
UN-No.:1950
Class :2.1
Packing group :
Emergency Response:126
Guidebook Number

TDGR

Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS
UN-No.:1950
Class :2.1
Packing group :
Emergency Response:126
Guidebook Number

ICAO / IATA-DGR

UN UN-No.:1950
Description of the goods: AEROSOLS
Class :2.1
ICAO-Labels :2.1
Packing instruction (cargo :203
aircraft)
Packing instruction :203
(passenger aircraft)
Packing instruction : Y203
(passenger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN-No.: UN 1950
Description of the goods : AEROSOLS
Class :2.1
IMDG-Labels:2.1
EmS Number : F-D S-U
Marine pollutant : no

MASS RTKUS. Massachusetts Commonwealth's Right-to-Know Law (Appendix A to 105 Code of Massachusetts Regulations Section 670.000)

Components	CAS-No.
butane	106-97-8
propane	74-98-6
butan-1-ol; n-butanol	71-36-3

NJ RTK US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act (New Jersey Statute Annotated Section 34:5A-5)

Components	CAS-No.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha	64742-48-9
butane	106-97-8
propane	74-98-6
butan-1-ol; n-butanol	71-36-3

California Prop. 65 : This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive defects.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Prepared by	PRO-SPRAY An Alco Industries Company 600 Nova Drive, S.E. Massillon, Ohio 44646
Phone	: 330-830-6000
Fax	: 330-830-6005
Date Revised:	November 13, 2007
Date Reviewed:	November 13, 2007
Revision:	Format